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You Tube as Crisis Punctuation Media: Legitimating by Images Digital Fiduciaries

KEYWORDS

You Tube, Crisis, Punctuation, Media, Images, Fiduciaries

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1. INTRODUCTION

This communication is grounded in researches in progress about:

- crisis as social and journalistic event
- embedded in new media devices
- and their specific functioning, positioning and fiduciaries.

1. INTRODUCTION

The problematic of this research work articulates two fundamental concepts or keywords which are:

- punctuation
- and image
- and their fiduciaries or legitimating dimension with the platform You Tube.

2. Communication scientific and social context

The scientific context of this research started with calls

- for interest manifestation about risk, crisis and resilience by the French National Research Agency ANR
- for papers to specific revues issues about the platform You Tube by researchers in Information and Communication Sciences

The research first problematic articulates:

- information,
- trust
- and resilience

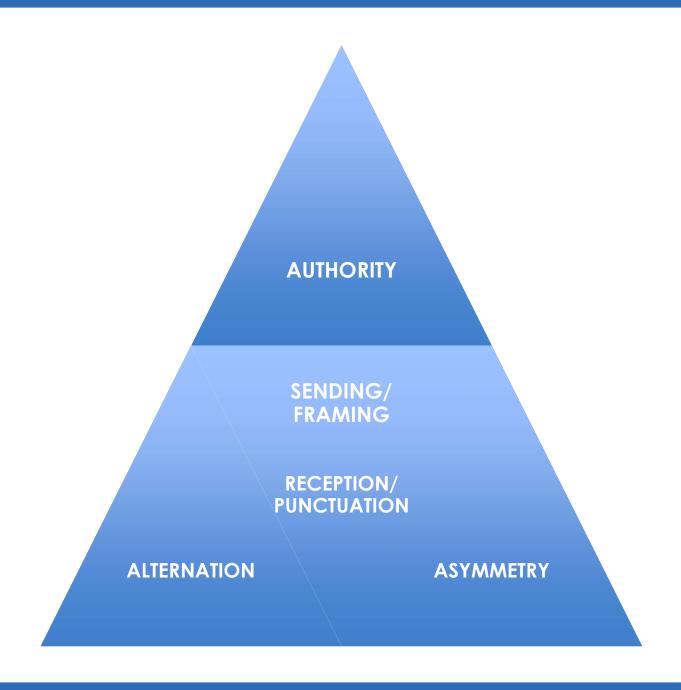
In a dynamic and comparative approach between:

- communication punctuation
- and communication framing

For instance,
The description of news as fake

- by a professional authority is a framing
- and by a simple media user is a punctuation.

As shown in the following figure,
Framing and punctuation
refer to communication openness and
alternations between senders and receivers
and to asymmetry of the authority on the
communicated information.



A specification of this problematic focuses on the conjunction between:

Punctuation and internal, or domestic, or "domotic", crisis images, operated by the present digital media structure and environment.

Media framing and the internationalisation of exotic crisis was operated in its time by digital and satellite communication and audiovisual media globalisation.

The exotic crisis images generated then "uses fiduciaries" – images fiduciaries – with their digital circulation and appropriation in reception by their different audiences.

Researchers distinguish differences in crisis and their communication, according to their exotic or internal dimension:

Exotic crisis	'Domotic' or internal crisis
War, terrorism	Without enemy
FRAMING - REFRAMING	FRAMING - PUNCTUATION

Even if the paradigm of war is systematically convoked to manage crisis in their differences.

The relevance of the concept of punctuation

is certainly in its current digital materialisation,

where images are omnipresent.

Digital media, and particularly You Tube,

are used as image punctuation devices

by internal crisis actors, players and stakeholders

with poor capital in authority, legitimacy and recognition

as much as a strategic place of digital institutional and professional information and communication practices.

What leads to the final problematic of this communication,

which considers YouTube as the media of the punctuation by images and as the place of an Egerian production of value,

rather than a simple device of production and diffusion of media amateur.

- 1. A documentary analysis of the concept of punctuation
- 2. A comparative approach of punctuation and framing
- 3. A semiotic analysis of the concept of image
- 4. And its digital materialisation in video with digital media and in channels with the platform You Tube.

According to Gregory Bateson,

Punctuation is grounded in the postulated openness of any interpersonal communication process.

Punctuating by every actor of a communication process corresponds,

in one side, to outline event sequences, and in another side, to give meaning to these sequences.

Bateson indicated that

This openness is particularly visible with the communication mediatization, its inscription in technological devices.

Which allows the restitution of communication iconicity and mobility, in addition to its discursive linguistic dimension.

This mediatization corresponds to the media inscription of communicators identities in action.

What means that

The punctuation dynamic is the attribute of an open communication where actor's confidence is the result if not of similarities, at least of the recognition of the punctuations made by justifications, explications and even objections provided by the different actors.

What makes punctuation a resilience operator in crisis times by providing new basis to information framing in emission.

According to Erving Goffman, Stuart Hall and Eliséo Veron

Framing corresponds to the punctuation as defined by Bateson, but also to the application by social actors, as journalists and their sources, of typical and authoritative frames on the social experience and the social reality.

When Roland Barthes used **framing** as a traditional tool of structuring and focalisation of classical and moving pictorial representation.

Framing, in all these cases, as in its corrective, polemical or organizational dimension of reframing, refers at the same time to an authority and to a perspective in defining the meaning of what is represented.

In conclusion,

framing and punctuation

correspond at the same time to alternation in the communication of information between emission and reception and to the asymmetry in the authority on the communicated information, which is strong with the framing and weak with punctuation.

Researches on framing underlined its hegemonic effect on the processes of media agenda setting or building, therefore on the construction of social reality.

The multidirectional dimension of **new digital media**, in emission and in reception, their instantaneity and their easiness uses make them a **punctuation device**.

A semiotic analysis of the concept of image

By the word **image**, the common sense designates representations and visual writing, as photography, drawing, painting, BD, movie, video...

A specific definition of the term makes it the basis of human communication, in its biological cognitive dimension as in its media technical and social dimension.

In this perspective, ideas or concepts are images or mental representations of the world, its objects and its subjects.

The words of a given spoken language are **voiced images** of ideas and concepts.

And social representations are the dynamic place of **the imaginary construction and refraction** of social actors and social action.

As a mechanical reproducibility technique, in accordance with the expression of Walter Benjamin, the press makes images repetitive, reiterative, ubiquitous and omnipresent by reproduction and dissemination.

But rather than a loss of images aura, as critically deplored by Benjamin with this change to mechanical industrial graphic arts, the press increases images visibility and gives them another original aura by their mass reception.

What makes, for example,

television images, framed in emission,

before digital times,

a power stake because of their massive reception

provided by the television networks monopoly

of the broadcasting media field.

This images visibility, dissemination and availability is **increasingly augmented** by digital media.

Video and streaming are characteristics of the operability of all digital media, including classical media embedded on the digital platforms.

5. RESULTS

The **form video** is the operative tool of the **format channel** on the platform You Tube:

it holds what Roland Barthes called the image "informative charge" as information anchorage and information control dimensions.

5. RESULTS

This **format channel** can be defined as the one of an identified digital media publishing audiovisual contents within the framework of a digital platform economic model, for multi screens, linearly and de-linearly reception.

5. RESULTS

This definition apply to historical television networks, all present on You Tube, as to other media and other institutional, professional and amateur channels on this platform.

All of them capitalize in this way their images by digital uses fiduciaries, materialized and counted with the subscriptions, views and circulation.

Domotic or internal crisis, without enemy, associates actors participation and cooperation as well as their competition, embedded in punctuation anchored in actors social positioning and social status.

This grounding in the actors identities makes punctuation different from rumours.

It shows the articulation between the anthropological communication dimension and its digital embedding.

Punctuation in internal crisis time shows a correspondence between the uses of digital media and their democratic imaginary associating freedom, control and consensus.

Digital media are the place of unstable equilibrium between framing and punctuation, typical in internal or domotic or domestic crisis.

The platform You Tube is the place of the liberalization of news images, with channel format set in collection.

With these channels, internal crisis actors offer original and collage images productions, generating value for images and identities by the fact of their digital uses fiduciaries.

Punctuation is a communicational operator of trust and resilience in internal crisis, with digital fiduciaries of information images.

Building a news agenda grounded is these punctuations is an integration of the resilience information to the social dimension of crisis communication framing.

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